



Tips for a good night's sleep

By Emily Gurnon, Contributing Writer

Learn the strategies and habits that may help you get the sleep you need

The amount of sleep you get matters, and so does the quality of your sleep. Poor sleep can raise your risk of high blood pressure, diabetes and heart disease. Lack of proper sleep can contribute to being overweight or obese. So it's important to do everything you can to get a good night's sleep.

Shape up your habits

Keeping a regular sleep schedule is important. That means you should go to bed and get up at about the same time every day, even on weekends. This will help set your body's sleep-wake cycle.

Try these tips too:

Limit caffeine. Caffeine may disturb some people's sleep. Read labels carefully. Caffeine can take up to eight hours to wear off completely. If you're sensitive, limit food or drink containing caffeine after late afternoon. Some medicines, including some pain relievers, contain caffeine as well.

Quit smoking. Nicotine is a stimulant that may keep you awake and cause lighter sleep overall.

Avoid alcohol before bed, if you choose to drink at all. Small amounts of alcohol may be relaxing and help you fall asleep, but it interferes with staying asleep.

Avoid heavy meals close to bedtime. Eat dinner early in the evening, at least two hours ahead of bedtime. Avoid rich or spicy foods that may be hard to digest.

Get regular exercise. Exercise is essential for good health and may help you sleep better. But exercising too close to bedtime may make it harder to get to sleep.

Avoid naps late in the day. If you really need to catch a few winks, do it early in the afternoon, and don't sleep for more than 20 minutes.

You will sleep more soundly if you can maintain a comfortable sleeping area. Here are some tips to help you sleep more soundly:

Adjust the temperature down. Most people sleep better in a cool space with good ventilation.

Reserve your bedroom for sleep. Your bedroom should be a place where you go to relax, not work.

Avoid the light of TVs and digital screens. TVs and digital devices can stimulate your brain, which isn't good if you're trying to get to sleep.

Keep it quiet. Find ways to block out noise. Try using earplugs, a fan or a white-noise device to create soft, soothing sounds.

Block out light. Keep your sleeping space as dark as possible. Try blackout curtains or an eye mask. This can be especially important for night-shift workers.

Get a comfortable bed. Your bed should be large enough for you to roll and stretch. Experiment with different bedding to find what works for you.

If you're still having trouble sleeping after trying these tips, or if you have had sleep problems for two weeks or longer, talk with your doctor.

When you need a go-to person, go to **Here4TN.**

855-Here4TN (855-437-3486)

or visit **Here4TN.com.**

Optum

**PARTNERS
FOR HEALTH**

National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute. What are sleep deprivation and deficiency? nhlbi.nih.gov/health/sleep-deprivation. Last updated March 24, 2022. Accessed December 21, 2022.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Tips for better sleep. cdc.gov/sleep/about_sleep/sleep_hygiene.html. Last reviewed September 13, 2022. Accessed December 21, 2022.

American Academy of Sleep Medicine. Healthy sleep habits. sleepeducation.org/healthy-sleep/healthy-sleep-habits/. Last updated August 2020. Accessed December 21, 2022.

This program should not be used for emergency or urgent care needs. In an emergency, call 911 or go to the nearest emergency room. This program is not a substitute for a doctor's or professional's care. Due to the potential for a conflict of interest, legal consultation will not be provided on issues that may involve legal action against Optum or its affiliates, or any entity through which the caller is receiving these services directly or indirectly (e.g., employer or health plan). This program and its components may not be available in all states or for all group sizes and are subject to change. Coverage exclusions and limitations may apply.

Non-Discrimination Notice: The company does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability in health programs and activities.

We provide free services to help you communicate with us. Such as, letters in other languages or large print. Or, you can ask for an interpreter. To ask for help, please call the toll-free phone number listed on your ID card.

ATENCIÓN: Si habla español, hay servicios de asistencia de idiomas, sin cargo, a su disposición. Llame al número de teléfono gratuito que aparece en su tarjeta de identificación.

تقديم خدمات مجانية لمساعدتك في التواصل معنا. مثل: رسائل بلغات أخرى أو طباعة كبيرة. أو يمكنك طلب مترجم. للحصول على المساعدة، يرجى الاتصال بالرقم المجاني المذكور على بطاقة التعريف الخاصة بك.